Omaha North High Magnet School
Biology
Course Syllabus

Instructor: Andrea Cooney
E-mail: andrea.cooney@ops.org
Office Phone Number: 557-3400 ext. 7502
Plan Periods: 1st & 4th Blocks

Office/Classroom Room 334
Best times to contact: Before and right after school. Please note, emails & phone calls occurring on the weekend will be responded to on the following Monday.

Course Description
Biology engages students in the three dimensions (science practices, disciplinary core ideas, and crosscutting concepts) of learning as identified by the Nebraska College and Career Ready Standards for Science. The topics include structure and function, interdependent relationships in ecosystems, matter and energy in organisms and ecosystems, heredity: inheritance and variation of traits, Earth systems, history of Earth, and sustainability. This course meets the district requirement for Biology.

Instructional Philosophy:
With the successful completion of a science course, students should be expected to look at the world around them making logical connections to science concepts. Differentiation and inquiry are strong components used to engage the student in learning scientific concepts. Each student deserves to learn, and an effort should be made to connect with each student to drive that learning. The use of kinesthetic, visual, and auditory based lessons encourages students to be successful, using their personal learning style. Engaging the students in activities and labs will build inquiry skills needed to be taken out into the student’s daily environment. Questioning possibilities, problem solving, and critical thinking skills can increase with the use of inquiry and builds well rounded citizens.

Nebraska College and Career Ready Standards for Science
SC.HS.6.1 Gather, analyze, and communicate evidence of the relationship between structure and function in living things.
SC.HS.7.2 Gather, analyze, and communicate evidence of interdependent relationships in ecosystems.
SC.HS.8.3 Gather, analyze, and communicate evidence of the flow of energy and cycling of matter in organisms and ecosystems.
SC.HS.9.4 Gather, analyze, and communicate evidence of the inheritance and variation of traits.
SC.HS.10.5 Gather, analyze, and communicate evidence of biological evolution.
SC.HS.13.3 Gather, analyze, and communicate evidence to defend the position that Earth's systems are interconnected and impact one another.
SC.HS.14.4 Gather, analyze, and communicate evidence to interpret Earth's history.
SC.HS.15.5 Gather, analyze, and communicate evidence to describe the interactions between society, environment, and economy.

English/Language Arts Standards Connections
RST.9-10.7 Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.
RST.9-10.8 Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem.
RST.11-12.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account.
RST.11-12.2 Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
RST.11-12.8 Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.
RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
WHST.9-12.2 Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
WHST.9-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (HS.5.5.A)

WHST.9-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

WHST.9-12.9 Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

SL.11-12.4 Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

SL.11-12.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

Mathematics Standards Connections:

MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively (Mathematical Process 1)

MP.4 Model with mathematics. (Mathematical Process 2)

HSN-Q.A.1 Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays. (MA 11.2) (MA 11.4.2)

HSN-Q.A.2 Define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling. (MA 11.2.3)

HSN-Q.A.3 Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities. (MA 11.1.2.d)

HSA-CED.A.1 Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. (MA 8.2.1.a) (MA 8.2.2)

HSA-CED.A.2 Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales. (MA 11.2.2.h)

HSA-CED.A.4 Rearrange formulas to highlight a quantity of interest, using the same reasoning as in solving equations. (MA 11.2.2.f)

HSA- SSE.A.1 Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context. (MA 11.2.3)

HSA- SSE.B.3 Choose and produce an equivalent form of an expression to reveal and explain properties of the quantity represented by the expression. (MA 2.2.f)

HSF-IF.B.5 Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes. (MA 11.2.1.d)

HSF-IF.C.7 Graph functions expressed symbolically and show key features of the graph, by in hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases. (MA 11.2.1.e) (MA 11.2.1.f) (MA 11.2.1.g) (MA 11.2.1.h)

HSS-ID.A.1 Represent data with plots on the real number line (dot plots, histograms, and box plots). (MA 6.4.1.a – rational positive number line & negative integers)

HSS-ID.B.6 Represent data on two quantitative variables on a scatter plot, and describe how those variables are related. (MA 8.4.1.a) (MA 11.4.2.1)

HSS-IC.A.1 Understand statistics as a process for making inferences about populations parameters based on a random sample from that population. (MA 7.4.2.c) (MA 11.4.2.g) (MA 12.4.2.a → Advanced Topics)

HSS- IC.B.6 Evaluate reports based on data.

Major Units of Study

Unit 1: Earth Systems and Ecology

Unit 2: Structure and Function

Unit 3: Heredity

Unit 4: Biological Evolution and Earth’s History

Unit 5: Sustainability

Course Expectations

• Complete coursework, both in and out of class, by due date given.
• Participate during in-class discussion and cooperative learning opportunities.
• Complete formal lab write-ups.
• Create technology based projects and presentations.

Class Rules and Expectations

Be Safe, Be Respectful, Be Responsible

• Rules and guidelines set forth in the student handbook will be followed in this class. Any student who distracts other students or the instructor interferes with the learning environment and should expect consequences.

• Attendance: Being in class, on time, is important for student success. Anyone entering the classroom after the bell has stopped ringing is tardy. Per school policy…
• **Electronic Devices:** No electronic devices (cell phones, mp3 players, games, etc.) are permitted to be seen, heard, or used in the classroom at any time, per school policy…

**Safety Expectations**

Biology is a lab-based course with safety as an essential component. The safety guidelines support and encourage an investigative approach and laboratory instruction, while at the same time assisting in the development of a safe learning environment. Students will follow the Omaha Public Schools district guidelines on safety that is published in the science safety contract. Students will be provided a copy of the guidelines. The students, parents and/or guardians are expected to read the guidelines and sign and return the signature portion of the contract. *The student will not be allowed to participate in the lab activities until the signed contract is returned.*

**Texts**

- *Biology* by Miller and Levine

**Assessment (customized according to subject area – examples below)**

- Course grades will be determined by planned assessments such as tests, quizzes, and projects scored with rubrics.
- Major tests and/or writing projects are to be expected at the end of each major unit outlined above.
- **State Testing:** To address state requirements, all 11th grade students will complete the ACT.
- **District Testing:** District Testing: The NWEA/MAP test will be administered periodically throughout the school year.

**OPS Secondary Grading Practices**

All coursework and assessments are judged based on the level of student learning from “below basic” to “advanced.” This course will provide multiple opportunities to achieve at the “proficient” to “advanced” levels. Students are evaluated based on a proficiency scale or project rubric. Proficiency scales for this course are available upon request (teacher will identify location such as portal, teacher website, attached, etc.)

**Weighting Assignments (Using A Multiplier)**

When entering grades in the grade book, teachers may assign greater weight to some assignments than others. For example, the final exam may impact a student’s summative grade more than a unit test. Teachers will have the option to use the multiplier to weigh both formative and summative assessments to a maximum of 4. If a weight of 2 or more is applied to an assessment, this information will be communicated to students at the time the assessment is announced.

**There are three types of coursework**

- **Practice** – assignments are brief and done at the beginning of learning to gain initial content (e.g., student responses on white boards, a valid sampling of math problems, keyboarding exercises, and diagramming sentences, checking and recording resting heart rate). Practice assignments are not generally graded for accuracy (descriptive feedback will be provided in class) and are not a part of the grade. Teachers may keep track of practice work to check for completion and students could also track their practice work. Practice work is at the student’s instructional level and may only include Basic (2) level questions.

- **Formative (35% of the final grade)** – assessments/assignments occur during learning to inform and improve instruction. They are minor assignments (e.g., a three paragraph essay, written responses to guiding questions over an assigned reading, completion of a comparison contrast matrix). Formative assignments are graded for accuracy and descriptive feedback is provided. Formative work may be at the student’s instructional level or at the level of the content standard. Formative assessments/assignments will have all levels of learning – Basic (2), Proficient (3), and Advanced (4), which means that for every formative assessment/assignment, students will be able to earn an Advanced (4). Teachers will require students to redo work that is not of high quality to ensure rigor and high expectations. The students’ score on a formative assessment that was redone will be their final score. It is recommended to have three to five formative assessments for every one summative assessment.

- **Summative (65% of the final grade)** – assessments/assignments are major end of learning unit tests or projects used to determine mastery of content or skill (e.g., a research paper, an oral report with a power point, major unit test, and science fair project). Summative assignments are graded for accuracy. Summative assignments assess the student’s progress on grade level standards and may not be written at the student’s instructional level. Summative assessments/assignments will have all levels of learning – Basic (2), Proficient (3), and Advanced (4), which means that for every formative assessment/assignment students will be able to earn an advanced (4).

To maintain alignment of coursework to content standards, which is a key best practice for standards-based grading, teachers will utilize a standardized naming convention for each of the standards within a course. The content standard will be marked on each assignment entered into Infinite Campus (District Grading Program) using all capital letters followed by a colon. After the colon will be the title of the coursework.
At the end of the grading period, scores are converted to a letter grade using this grading scale.

- A = 3.26 – 4.00
- B = 2.51 – 3.25
- C = 1.76 – 2.50
- D = 1.01 – 1.75
- F = 0.00 – 1.00

**Retaking Student Coursework**
1. Students are responsible for completing all coursework and assessments as assigned.
2. Students may be allowed retake quizzes and test for partial credit during that unit of study based upon the teacher’s professional judgment and evidence collected throughout the unit. Scores for student work after retake, will not be averaged with the first attempt at coursework or assessment but will replace the original student score.
3. Students are expected to complete assessments when given to the class, or if a student was justifiably absent, at a time designated by the teacher.
4. Retaking an exam or quiz will be done at teacher discretion in consultation with the student and parent(s). Teachers may schedule students before, during, or after school to address needed areas of improvement if not convenient during class. The time and location for retaking will be done at the teacher’s discretion in consultation with the student availability.

**Late Coursework**
Students are expected to complete coursework on time. Late coursework may be accepted for full credit within a week of the excused absent(s) and partial credit will be given until the end of the unit based on the teacher’s professional judgment and evidence collected throughout the unit. No credit will be given for work turned-in for an unexcused absent(s).
Accepted late work will not result in a reduction in grade and the M (Missing) will be replaced with the score earned by the student. The teacher or school may make exceptions depending upon student circumstances (such as prolonged absences due to illness).

**Missing Coursework**
Work not turned in at all will be recorded in Infinite Campus (district grade book) as an M for missing, which calculates to a score of zero.

**Independent Practice**
The role of independent practice is to develop knowledge and skills effectively and efficiently during the unit of study. Independent practice helps guide the learning process by providing accurate, timely and helpful feedback to students without penalty.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Unit Topic</th>
<th>Planned Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Weeks 1 – 11 | SC.HS.13 Earth's Systems  
SC.HS.7 Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems  
SC.HS.8 Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems | Instructional Sequence 1  
Instructional Sequence 2  
Instructional Sequence 3  
Instructional Sequence 4 |
| Weeks 12 – 18 | SC.HS.6 Structure and Function (Cells)                                      | IN DEVELOPMENT                                         |
| Weeks 19 – 25 | SC.HS.6 Structure and Function (Mitosis/Meiosis)  
SC.HS.9 Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits | IN DEVELOPMENT                                         |
| Weeks 26 – 32 | SC.HS.7 Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems (Group Behavior)  
SC.HS.14 History of Earth  
SC.HS.10 Biological Evolution | IN DEVELOPMENT                                         |
| Weeks 33 – 36 | SC.HS.15 Sustainability | IN DEVELOPMENT |